

MEASURES, EVALUATION CRITERIA AND METHODOLOGY FOR IMPLEMENTATION

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To: Project Management Team

cc: Technical Advisory Committee, Public Advisory Committee

From: Susan L. Wright, P.E.; Marc A. Butorac, P.E., P.T.O.E.; Kelly M. Laustsen; and Erin M.

Ferguson, P.E.

Project: Clackamas County Transportation System Plan Update

Subject: Technical Memorandum 6.1 - Measures, Evaluation Criteria and Methodology for

Implementation

This memorandum presents the draft measures and criteria developed to evaluate and assess progress toward Clackamas County's Transportation System Plan goals and objectives. The information is divided into two sections:

- *Key Definitions* establishes a common understanding of the evaluation tools and plan elements.
- *Measures and Evaluation Criteria* presents the draft measures, evaluation criteria and process (methodology) for implementing and applying the definitions.

Key Definitions

Two sets of key definitions are presented here:

- <u>Evaluation Tools</u> establish a common understanding of the tools (i.e., vision, goals, objectives, measures, criteria) that will be used to assess the existing transportation system.
- <u>Plan Elements</u> (i.e., policies, programs, projects, pilot projects, studies), which will be the primary content of the County's updated Transportation System Plan.

EVALUATION TOOLS

The evaluation tools -- The TSP's vision, goals, objectives, measures and evaluation criteria -- provide the foundation for assessing the existing transportation system and potential future planned projects, programs and policies.

Vision – An aspirational description of what the future transportation system will look like and how it will influence quality of life in Clackamas County.

Goals - The desired outcomes or other more refined expressions of the vision.

Objectives – More refined and focused descriptions of goal statements, describing how a goal can be accomplished.

Measures - Quantitative or qualitative tools to assess progress towards objectives.

Evaluation Criteria - Standards used to estimate how well a project, policy, program or study achieves the objectives.

Performance Measures - Specific evaluation criteria used for long-term tracking of achievement of goals. (*Performance measures for monitoring the TSP will be identified later in the project after the preferred plan is developed.)*

PLAN ELEMENTS

The final, updated Clackamas County TSP will include the following elements, which will be assessed using the evaluation tools defined above.

Projects - Capital investments made to improve the existing transportation system and support the movement of people, goods, and services.

Policies – Statements adopted in the Clackamas County Comprehensive Plan that are intended to influence and guide County decisions and actions relating to transportation. These policies are set out and implemented by county ordinances such as the Zoning and Development Ordinance (ZDO).

Programs - Plans of action aimed at accomplishing an identified county goal(s) and/or objective(s) that commonly include such details on what work is to be done, by whom, when, and the intended outcome of the action.

Pilot Project – An activity planned as a test or trial of a transportation project or program.

Future Studies - Research and investigation to be completed at by the County after the updated TSP is completed. Such studies will not be done during the TSP update process due to lack of available data, a need for guidance and/or analysis from responsible agencies, and/or the need for a focused public involvement and analysis process beyond the TSP scope of work and budget.

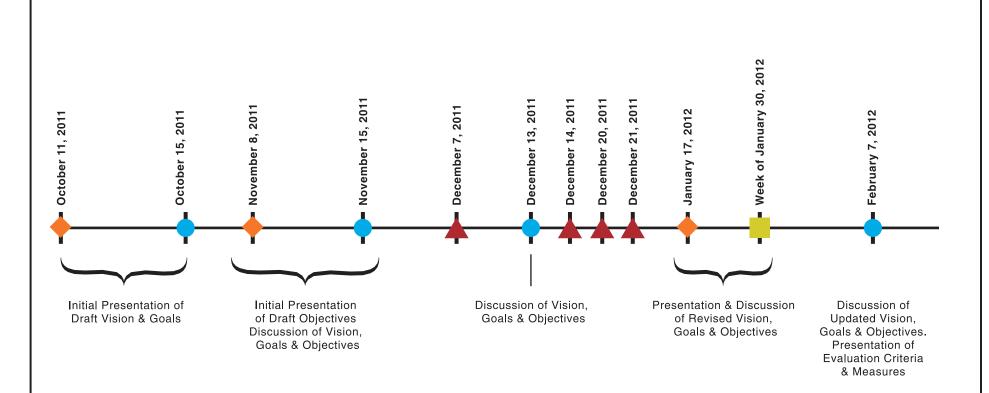
Measures and Evaluation Criteria

The TSP measures and evaluation criteria are being developed in coordination with development of the plan's goals and objectives. Figure 1 illustrates the development process timeline.

As shown, the initial draft goals and objectives were developed and discussed with the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) and Public Advisory Committee (PAC) at several meetings during October, November, and December of 2011. During these meetings, the groups worked to develop goals and objectives that are meaningful across the County's diverse communities and geography. Additional meetings in January and early February 2012 will further refine and finalize the goals and objectives; the final set of goals and objectives will be prepared after the February 7 PAC meeting.

Development of initial draft measures and evaluation criteria began in December 2011, and was updated based on input received on the draft goals and objectives at the December 13 PAC meeting. The initial draft measures and evaluation criteria were developed through two sets of work sessions, with two technical sub-committees:

- The first sub-committee focused on two goals:
 - o Safety and Health (Goal 4) and
 - o Equity (Goals 5).
- The second sub-committee focused on four goals:
 - Sustainability (Goal 1),
 - Local Businesses and Jobs (Goal 2),
 - o Livable and Local (Goal 3), and
 - Fiscally Responsible (Goal 6).



- Technical Advisory Committee Meeting
- Public Advisory Committee Meeting
- Regional Public Meeting
- Technical Sub-Committee Work Sessions on Evaluation Criterion & Measures



The sub-committees included experts in transportation engineering and planning as well as community health, social services, and equity. The sub-committees:

- Considered and discussed measures and evaluation criteria applied by other agencies;
- Reviewed national research related to transportation, health, sustainability and equity,
- Brainstormed measures and evaluation criteria for each of the draft objectives.;
- Identified the general data needed to apply the potential measures, and
- Modified or revised measures, as needed, if there was a known lack of data.

The draft measures and evaluation criteria developed by the sub-committees are intended to be the most appropriate given available data, state of the practice, industry standards, guidance and requirements.

The work of the two sub-committees was combined with input from the TAC and PAC to produce one set of draft measures and evaluation criteria. In this process, the consultant team realized there were a number of objectives stated in a similar manner that overlapped across several of the goals. A common version of each of these objectives was developed to be applied consistently across the goals. At the end of this document are tables that describe the draft objectives and measures from two perspectives.

These tables are:

- Table 1: Summary of draft objectives and measures illustrating which goals each of the objectives and measures help to assess progress towards.
- Table 2: Additional technical details for the Project Management Team's reference and use in implementing and applying the objectives, measures and evaluation criteria.

The following section provides a description of each of the draft measures selected to evaluate the TSP plan elements (including Projects, Plans, and Policies) and determine if they help the County to achieve the plan's goals and objectives.

Draft Measures

The following describes the draft measures selected to evaluate the TSP plan elements (including Projects, Plans, and Policies). These measures will be used to determine if a proposed plan element helps the County to achieve its goals and objectives for the transportation system. The way in which these measures will be applied will vary based on whether the project, program or policy is primarily urban; primarily rural; or impacts rural and urban areas relatively equally.

The measures have been grouped into themes for easy review and reference.

BIKE/PEDEDESTRIAN	page 6
FUNDING	.page 7
ENVIRONMENT	page 7
MOTORIZED VEHICLES AND ROADWAYS	page 9
PUBLIC SAFETY	page 9
SOCIAL/COMMUNITY	page 10
TRANSIT	page 11

BIKE/PEDEDESTRIAN

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
3.2, 3.5, 5.6	Access to Schools	Identify gaps in facilities for walkers and bicycleriders on local streets that provide access to schools.	Provide comfortable, safe multi-modal options for school-age children, and improve the livability of neighborhoods.
1.1.1, 1.4, 2.1, 2.3, 3.1, 3.5, 4.3, 4.6, 5.1, 5.4, 5.6	Bike and Pedestrian Facilities	Quantify miles of bicycle and pedestrian facilities, such as sidewalks and bike paths.	Assess progress towards increasing the miles of facilities for non-motorized travel. Assess the impact of projects, programs and policies on that mileage.
4.6	Bike and Pedestrian Network on Low Volume Streets	Identify the percentage of bike and pedestrian facilities on low-volume streets (collectors and local streets) compared to all such facilities in the County.	Reduce the exposure of bicyclists and pedestrians to transportation-related air emissions and increase safety.
1.1.1, 1.4, 2.1, 2.3, 3.1, 3.5, 4.3, 4.6, 5.1, 5.4, 5.6	Gaps in Non-Motorized Network	Determine the percent of networks, e.g., bicycle network, with facility gaps.	Determine which projects, programs and policies help fill the gaps.

FUNDING

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
1.5, 6.3	Budget Allocations	Financial resources available for transportation-related projects, programs and processes.	Identify stable, diverse, long-term funding for capital projects, transportation operations and maintenance, and the allocation of funds to these major categories.
1.5, 6.3	Funding	Amount and potential, viable sources of money for future transportation projects	Develop a list of financially feasible projects with stable, diverse and long-term funding sources
6.4	Public Right-of-Way	Identify land needed to be reserved for public use, such as a roads, trails or utilities.	Ensure sufficient land is available in needed locations for future projects. Help avoid or reduce right-of-way costs.
6.1, 1.7	Transportation Maintenance	Identify the percent of the transportation network that needs maintenance based on the quality of the facilities.	Help determine the level of maintenance needs as compared to needs for expanded or new facilities.

ENVIRONMENT

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
1.1.4, 4.7	Alternative Energy Programs	Quantify the number of programs / actions taken to encourage use of alternative-fuel and other fuel-efficient vehicles.	Track the effectiveness of programs/actions designed to encourage use of alternative-fuel and other fuel-efficient vehicles.
4.6	Construction Emissions / Best Management Practices	Building or working on transportation facilities can result in releases of substances that are harmful to humans and the environment.	Encourage use of best management practices during construction to emissions that could be harmful to the environment or humans.

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
1.3	Green Street Design Elements	Landscaped areas sized and shaped to collect rainwater and treat it naturally, e.g., bio-swales, bio-retention ponds; an alternative to conventional street drainage systems.	Improve the health of the watershed by supporting the balance between urban development and natural hydrological processes.
1.3	Sensitive Habitat	Conservation areas, animal habitat, river corridors and wilderness areas	Minimize negative impact from transportation system
4.6	Sensitive Uses Near Major Roadways and Freight Routes	The health of people schools, parks and senior living centers within 1/4 mile of high traffic roadways and freight routes are negatively impacted by transportation-related emissions.	Reduce exposure of children and senior citizens to transportation-related emissions.
1.2, 4.5	Transportation Emissions (in tons)	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, volatile organic compounds, nitrogen oxide and other air toxins are produced from transportation-related activities.	Be aware of the impact of transportation-related emissions on air toxins and work to reduce those emissions.
1.1.4, 4.7	Vehicle Energy Efficiency	Assess the number of fuelefficient and alternative fuel vehicles, and the infrastructure available to accommodate those vehicles.	Improve air quality, thereby improving the health of the environment and of community residents.

MOTORIZED VEHICLES AND ROADWAYS

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
2.2,	Average Travel Time	Average length of time it takes to make a certain trip at a certain time of day; indicates general traffic conditions	Determine the impact of projects on travel time.
2.2, 2.6, 6.5	Travel Time Reliability	Consistency / dependability in vehicular travel time, e.g., few delays.	Increase travel reliability for all transportation modes.
1.1.3, 1.2, 4.5, 5.3	Vehicle Miles Traveled (total and per capita)	Measure vehicle miles traveled in general and on a per capita basis to account for population growth and assess how driving habits are changing.	Reduce vehicles miles traveled per capita.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
4.1	Safety Culture	Activities and programs that support expanding a safety culture through coordination between transportation engineering, law enforcement, medical services, and education.	Increase the prevalence of safety considerations across multiple county departments. Increase the prevalence of safety considerations for county residents in their day to day travel. Encouraging everyone to make safe choices.
4.2	Emergency Vehicle Response Time	How long it takes for a fire truck, ambulance, sheriff's deputy or other emergency vehicle to get to the site of an emergency.	Support systems that that decrease response time for emergency vehicles.
3.2	Safe Routes to School Plans	Identify the number of schools with Safe Routes to Schools plans.	Facilitate projects, education programs and other activities that enable school-age children to safely walk and bicycle to school.

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
4.2	Space for Incident Management and Emergency Vehicles	Adequate space is needed to clear vehicles and allow for emergency vehicle to maneuver for incidents such as crashes and disabled vehicles.	Support systems that increase space needed to quickly and efficiently respond to incidents.
4.1	Vehicle Crashes	Evaluate and analyze the number and location of crashes on County roadways over the last 3-5 years. Quantify crashes based on result fatality, injury or only property damage.	Identify locations that need safety improvements and evaluate the potential impact on crashes of projects, programs and policies.

SOCIAL/COMMUNITY

Applicable Objectives	Measure/ Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
3.7	Design Elements	Identify and encourage use of design elements in transportation facilities that improve livability, community cohesiveness and civic amenities.	Improve livability, community cohesiveness and civic amenities.
2.1, 3.6, 5.7	Employment Area Accessibility	Increase options for people to reach their place of employment.	Increase options for employees to get to work and attractiveness of job sites to employees, customers and business partners.
1.4, 3.8	Land Use and Transportation Integration	Transportation system performance depends on land use factors (e.g., zoning, distance between destinations, etc.) that cannot be addressed just with transportation planning.	Be aware of land use factors that impact the transportation system, including requiring a larger system and/or a more auto-oriented system.
1.4, 3.8	Travel Network Connectivity	The density of frequency of system links within an area, and how direct the links are between various residential and activity centers (shopping, jobs, etc.)	Increase connectivity to reduce travel distances, improve accessibility, provide flexibility to adapt to changing land uses and increase travel options.

T for T	Access to Transportation For Transportation Disadvantaged Populations	Transportation Disadvantaged Populations are populations who have historically had significant unmet transportation needs or who have experienced disproportionate negative impacts from the transportation system. Examples of people that historically have high unmet needs include people who cannot drive (due to age or ability), are experiencing poverty (cannot afford the costs of a car and/or transit), and people with limited mobility. The types of negative impacts they typically experience disproportionately to the rest of the population include increased exposure to air and noise pollution, decreased community connectedness from major transportation investments, increased danger of injuries or death from transportation-related incidents, and living far from areas with amenities due to the high cost of housing.	To identify areas with a high proportion of transportation disadvantaged, identify their needs, and determine if proposed projects or policies will improve their access to transportation.
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TRANSIT

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
1.1.2, 2.4, 3.3, 4.4, 5.2	Infrastructure	Includes amenities at transit stops such as covered shelters, benches, waiting rooms, public restrooms, sidewalks connecting to the stop, etc.	Support increased amenities to improve the quality of service for transit riders.
1.1.2, 2.4, 3.3, 4.4, 5.2	Service Coverage	Identify populations and destinations reasonably accessible with transit service; areas within 1/2 mile of a transit stop.	Determine the extent to which projects, programs and policies impact access to transit or increase transit options.
1.1.2, 2.4, 3.3, 4.4, 5.2	Service Frequency	How often a transit vehicle stops at a specific location.	Increase transit service frequency to improve quality of service for transit riders.

Applicable Objectives	Measure/Evaluation Tool	Description	Purpose
1.1.2, 2.4, 3.3, 4.4, 5.2	Service Schedule	The number of hours and time of day transit service is provided.	Increase hours or the feasibility of increasing hours to provide additional transit opportunities.
1.1.2, 2.4, 3.3, 4.4, 5.2	Transit Stops with Access to Pedestrian/Bicycle Facilities	Identify stops with sidewalks, multi-use paths, bicycle lanes or wide shoulders that connect to essential destinations.	Improve public access to essential destinations.

Application of Measures and Evaluation Criteria

The measures and evaluation criteria will be used for three TSP update activities:

- 1. Evaluating the existing transportation system and identifying areas for improvement;
- 2. Evaluating previously planned projects to determine whether they should remain on the list of planned improvements; and
- 3. Evaluating potential new projects, programs, policies and studies to improve the transportation system.

The measures and evaluation criteria will be applied to each of the plan elements described above using a variety of analysis tools (as noted in Table 2) including Metro travel demand model outputs, Geographic Information Systems (GIS) data, transportation operations analysis and qualitative assessments. Each element will be analyzed at one and/or two levels of detail:

- Project-Level-Assess individual projects, policies, programs, and studies, with the results guiding the general prioritization of these plan elements.
- System-Level-Applied to help determine whether the proposed system achieves and/or contributes to achieving the given objective and corresponding goal.

After the TSP update is completed, the County will also be able to use some of the system-level evaluation criteria to track the County's TSP goals.

TABLE 1 EVALUATION MEASURES - SIMPLIFIED MATRIX

TSP Goals

- Goal 1: Sustainable Provide a transportation system that balances benefits to the environment, economy and community.
- Goal 2: Local Businesses and Jobs Plan the transportation system to support a prosperous and adaptable economy and further the economic well-being of businesses and residents of the county.
- Goal 3: Livable and Local Tailor transportation solutions to suit the diversity of local communities.
- Goal 4: Safety and Health Promote a transportation system that maintains and improves our safety, health and security
- Goal 5: Equity Provide an equitable transportation system
- Goal 6: Fiscally Responsible Promote a fiscally responsible approach to protect and improve the existing transportation system and implement a cost-effective system to meet shared future needs.

X = Indicates an objective and associated measures help to assess progress towards: 1) Achieving the corresponding Clackamas County Transportation System Plan goal; 2) Comply with the state Transportation Planning Rule; and/or 3) Be consistent with Metro's Regional Transportation Plan.

Objective Number	Objectives	Measures	Goal 1	Goal 2	Goal 3	Goal 4	Goal 5	Goal 6	RTP
1.1.1; 2.3; 3.1;	Identify, maintain and improve networks of facilities for	Bike and Pedestrian Facility Inventory	X	X	X	X	X		X
4.3; 5.1		Pedestrian and Bike Facility Gap							
	travel	Inventory							
		Multimodal Level of Service Analysis (MMLOS) for pedestrians and bicyclists at selected intersections							
1.1.2;	Invest in and encourage public	Transit service coverage	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2.4; 3.3;	transit and connections to public	Transit service hours							
4.4; 5.2	transit	Transit service frequency							
		Transit stops with access to pedestrian facilities							
		Transit stops with access to bicycle facilities							
		Transit infrastructure (e.g., improvements to transit stop							

Objective Number	Objectives	Measures	Goal 1	Goal 2	Goal 3	Goal 4	Goal 5	Goal 6	RTP
		amenities)							
		Multimodal Level of Service (MMLOS) for transit riders							
1.1.3; 2.5; 3.4; 5.3	Explore and encourage ridesharing, car sharing, transit pass programs, telecommuting and	Alternative Transportation Programs Participation	Х	X	X	X	X		
other transportation	other transportation demand management strategies	Vehicle Miles Traveled Per Capita							
1.1.4; 4.7	Encourage the use of alternative fuel vehicles and more fuel	Alternative Energy Programs	X			X			
	efficient vehicles	Alternative Transportation Programs Participation							
1	Improve air quality by reducing transportation related emissions	Vehicle Miles Traveled	X			X			X
	including reducing greenhouse gases to target levels	Transportation Emissions in Tons (CO2, CO, NOx, VOC, PM2.5, other air toxins)							
4.6	Reduce exposure to transportation-related air toxics	Bike and Pedestrian Network on Low Volume Roads				X			
		Sensitive Populations near Major Roadways							
		Construction Emissions							
1.3	Minimize water quality impacts of	Use of Best Management Practices	X						
	transportation-related activities	Green Street Design Elements (in							
		Urban Areas?)							
		Sensitive Habitat (acres impacted)							

Objective Number	Objectives	Measures	Goal 1	Goal 2	Goal 3	Goal 4	Goal 5	Goal 6	RTP
1.5; 6.3	Stabilize existing sources of transportation revenue and	Estimated Transportation Funding	Х					X	X
	identify stable, diverse, long-term sources of funding	Assumed Transportation Budget Allocations							
2.1; 3.6; 5.7	Prioritize transportation improvement projects within and providing access to existing and future employment sectors	Employment Area Accessibility		X	X	X	X	X	
2.2	Promote efficient movement of people	Average Travel Time in Identified Corridors	Х	X		X		X	X
		Travel Time Reliability Multimodal Level of Service (MMLOS) for Vehicles at Selected Intersections	-						
2.6	Improve freight movement	Travel Time Reliability		X				X	X
		Level of Service on Truck Routes at Selected Intersections							
3.5; 4.10; 5.6	Facilitate access to daily needs and services	Essential Destinations			X		X		X
		Transit Services, Bicycle Facilities, Pedestrian Facilities, and Roads between Residential Areas and Essential Needs.							
3.7	Identify and incorporate design elements that increase community livability and cohesiveness, and improve civic amenities	Transportation Facility Design Elements			Х				
1.4; 3.8	Promote a resilient transportation system that can adapt to evolving	Travel Network Connectivity Analysis	Х		Х			X	X

Objective Number	Objectives	Measures	Goal 1	Goal 2	Goal 3	Goal 4	Goal 5	Goal 6	RTP
	land use and fit the desired future, while meeting present needs.	Land Use and Transportation Integration							
3.9; 4.8	Maintain existing and enhance access to recreational opportunities and public lands	Access to Open Space (URBAN: Population within 1/2-mile access to open space by mode?) Access to Open Space (RURAL: People with access to natural areas within 60 minutes by mode?)		X	Х	Х		X	
3.2	Improve Safe Routes to School Planning	Safe Routes to Schools Plans Pedestrian and Bike Facility Gap Inventory			X				Х
4.2	Optimize the transportation system's ability to facilitate emergency response services	Emergency Vehicle Response Time Space for Incident Management and Emergency Vehicles				Х			
4.1	Reduce crash frequency and severity of crashes for all modes of travel. Increase safety culture through on-going engineering, education, enforcement, encouragement, and evaluation.	Vehicle Crash Inventory Severity of Crashes Enhance County Safety Culture				Х		Х	Х
3.10; 4.9; 5.4	Prioritize resources to address transportation needs of transportation disadvantaged populations within the County	Alternative Transportation Programs and Projects that Benefit Transportation-Disadvantaged Populations Transportation-Disadvantaged Population Served By Other Modes of Travel			Х	Х	Х		X

Objective Number	Objectives	Measures	Goal 1	Goal 2	Goal 3	Goal 4	Goal 5	Goal 6	RTP
3.11; 5.5	Create project outreach activities and decision-making process that provides meaningful opportunities for all residents to influence decision-making	Public Involvement Opportunities			Х		х		X
5.8	Provide opportunities for low- income, minority workers and business owners to access/obtain jobs and contracts created by transportation investments	Minority-Owned Businesses Contracting Clackamas County shall comply with federal, state, and local open competitive procurement processes.					X		
1.7; 6.1	Prioritize repairs and maintenance of existing transportation facilities and services	Transportation Maintenance Status	X	X				X	
1.6; 6.2	Support motorized and non- motorized transportation projects that use public resources cost- effectively	A project, program, or policy's relative cost effectiveness of achieving desired outcomes (a qualitative assessment)	Х					X	
6.4	Identify and protect right-of-way for future transportation facilities and services	Public Right of Way Inventory / Needs		Х				Х	Х
6.5	Prioritize projects, programs,	Vehicle Crash Inventory	Х		Х			X	
	polices that balance safety, mobility, and provide for multiple	Travel Time Reliability.	=						
	modes.	MMLOS for Pedestrians, Bicyclists, Transit							

TABLE 2 EVALUATION CRITERIA – DETAILED MATRIX

Tool used for Evaluation: Travel Model Tool Used for Evaluation: GIS Analysis

Tool Used for Evaluation: Qualitative Review

Evaluation Criteria								
Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure				
Goal 1: Sustainable - Provide a tra	nsportation system that b	alances benefits to the environm	ent, the economy and the comm	unity.				
Objective 1.1: Reduce energy consumption associated with transportation:								
1.1.1 Identify, maintain, and improve networks of facilities for motorized and non-motorized travel.	Bike and Pedestria Facility Inventory	Project increases miles of bicycle, pedestrian, and/or equestrian facilities. (Y/N)	Planned system increases miles of bicycle, pedestrian, and/or equestrian facilities. Does the system increase non-motorized travel options and provide travel choices?	Number of miles of bicycle, pedestrian and equestrian facilities increased during performance period.				
	Pedestrian and Bik Facility Gap Inventory	e Project completes an existing gap in the bicycle, pedestrian and/or equestrian facilities network. (Y/N)	Percent of existing gaps in the bicycle, pedestrian, equestrian networks filled by the plan.	Percent of existing gaps in the sidewalk or bikeway system completed.				
	Multimodal Level of Service Analysis (MMLOS) for pedestrian and bicyclists at selecte intersections	s pedestrian or bicyclist as	Planned system reflects characteristics found to improve pedestrian and bicycle quality of service as reflected by the HCM 2010 MMLOS methodology.	Prevalence of planned and built projects incorporating characteristics found to improve pedestrian and bicycle quality of service as reflected by the HCM 2010 MMLOS methodology.				

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
1.1.2 Invest in and encourage public transit and connections to public transit.	Transit service coverage	Project increases or supports the increase of transit service coverage (Y/N)	Percent of transit supportive area served by transit	Percent of transit supportive area served by transit
	Transit stops with access to pedestrian facilities	Project provides pedestrian improvements within 1/2 mile of a bus stop	Increased number of additional bus stops with walk access	Percent of transit stops with walk access
	Transit stops with access to bicycle facilities	Project provides access to transit stop via bicycle faculties	Increased number of bus stops with bike access	Percent of transit stops with bike access
	Transit service frequency	Increases frequency (i.e., decreases headways)	Transit Frequency LOS by route	Transit Frequency LOS by route
	Transit service hours.	Increases transit service hours	Transit Service Hours LOS	Transit Service Hours LOS
	Transit infrastructure (e.g., improvements to transit stop amenities)	Increase or improve existing transit infrastructure	Number of transit stops that have been improved (pullouts, shelters, dedicated lanes, signal priority).	Number of transit stops that have been improved (pullouts, shelters, dedicated lanes, signal priority).
	Multimodal Level of Service (MMLOS) for transit riders	Project or program improves quality of service experienced by transit riders as measured by HCM 2010 MMLOS methodology. Y/N	Planned system reflects characteristics found to improve transit riders quality of service as reflected by the HCM 2010 MMLOS methodology.	Prevalence of planned and built projects incorporating characteristics found to improve transit riders quality of service as reflected by the HCM 2010 MMLOS methodology.
1.1.3 Explore and encourage rideshare, car-sharing, transit pass programs, telecommuting, and other transportation demand management strategies.	Alternative Transportation Programs Participation			Increase participation in car-pooling, vanpooling, rideshare, transportation demand management, transit pass programs, and telecommuting.
	Vehicle Miles Traveled Per Capita		Planned system reduces VMT / capita	VMT/capita

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
1.1.4 Encourage the use of alternative-fuel vehicles and more efficient fuel vehicles.	Alternative Energy Programs			Number of programs / actions taken to encourage use of alternative-fuel vehicles
	Alternative Transportation Programs Participation			
Objective 1.2: Improve air quality by reducing transportation related emissions including reducing greenhouse gas emissions to target levels.	Vehicle Miles Traveled	Project, program, policy helps reduce County-wide VMT. (Y/N)	Planned system reduces VMT county-wide and/or average stops on key corridors.	Planned system reduces VMT county-wide and/or average stops on key corridors. May use measurements that may come out of Climate Smart Communities project or State STI project.
	Transportation Emissions in Tons (CO2, CO, NOx, VOC, PM2.5, other air toxins)	Project, program, policy helps reduce vehicle emissions. (Y/N)	Planned system reduces vehicle emissions either County-wide or along key corridors	Planned system reduces vehicle emissions either County-wide or along key corridors
Objective 1.3: Minimize water quality impacts of transportation-related activities.	Use of Best Management Practices	Use of best management practices including during construction phases	Improve water quality, e.g. by advancing local jurisdictions' efforts to comply with TMDLs (Total Maximum Daily Loads, set by Oregon DEQ), or increasing stormwater runoff treated	Improve water quality, e.g. by advancing local jurisdictions' efforts to comply with TMDLs (Total Maximum Daily Loads, set by Oregon DEQ), or increasing stormwater runoff treated
	Sensitive Habitat (acres impacted)	Decreasing/minimizing number of acres of sensitive water habitats impacted by a project, program or policy.	Minimize the number of sensitive water habits negatively impacted by roadway facilities.	Minimize the number of sensitive water habits negatively impacted by roadway facilities.
	Green Street Design Elements (in Urban Areas?)	Integration of green street treatments into project, program or policy.	Increase the prevalence and use of green street treatments in projects.	Increase the prevalence and use of green street treatments in projects.

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
Objective 1.4: Promote a resilient transportation system that can adapt to evolving land use and fit the desired future, while meeting present needs.	Travel Network Connectivity Analysis	Degree to which project, program, policy increases connectivity of vehicle, pedestrian and bicycle network.	Degree to which project, program, policy increases connectivity of vehicle, pedestrian and bicycle network.	Degree to which project, program, policy increases connectivity of vehicle, pedestrian and bicycle network.
	Land Use and Transportation Integration	Degree to which project, program, policy increases integration of land use and transportation planning	Degree to which project, program, policy increases integration of land use and transportation planning	Degree to which project, program, policy increases integration of land use and transportation planning
Objective 1.5: Stabilize existing sources of transportation revenue and identify stable, diverse, long-term sources of funding. (Same as Objective 6.3)	See Objective 6.3			
Objective 1.6: Support motorized and non-motorized transportation projects that use public resources cost effectively. (Same as Objective 6.2)	See Objective 6.2			
Objective 1.7: Prioritize repairs and maintenance of existing transportation facilities and services. (Same as Objective 6.1)	See Objective 6.1			
Goal 2: Local Businesses and Jobs				
Plan the transportation system to su				
Objective 2.1: Prioritize transportation improvement projects within and providing access to existing and future employmen centers.	Accessibility.	Project increases miles of roads, bicycle facilities, pedestrian acilities and transit service oute miles within and providing access to urban or tural employment area	Planned system increases miles of bicycle facilities, pedestrian facilities, and transit service routes in urban and rural employment areas. Does the system maximize multimodal travel options and provide travel choices to these areas?	Number of miles of road, bicycle facilities, pedestrian facilities and transit service routes increased during performance period.

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
Objective 2.2: Promote efficient movement of people, materials and goods.	Average Travel Time in Identified Corridors	Project reduces average travel time	Decrease average travel time.	Decrease average travel time.
	Travel Time Reliability	Project improves travel time reliability	Improved travel time reliability (reduced required trip buffer)	Improved travel time reliability (reduced required trip buffer)
	Multimodal Level of Service for Vehicles at Selected Intersections	Peak hour LOS for auto, ped, bike, or transit improved on a corridor or intersection based on HCM 2010 MMLOS	Increase in number of intersections and segments with improved LOS, my mode (MMLOS)	Increase in number of intersections and segments with improved LOS, my mode (MMLOS)
Objective 2.3: Identify, maintain, and improve networks of facilities for motorized and non-motorized travel.	See Objective 1.1.1			
Objective 2.4: Invest in and encourage public transit and connections to public transit. (Same as objective 1.1.2)	See Objective 1.1.2			
Objective 2.5: Explore and encourage carpooling, vanpooling, rideshare, transit pass programs, telecommuting, and other transportation demand management strategies. (Same as Objective 1.1.3)	See Objective 1.1.3			
Objective 2.6: Improve freight movement.	Travel Time Reliability.	Project improves travel time reliability on a freight route	Improved travel time reliability on truck routes (reduced required trip buffer)	Improved travel time reliability on truck routes (reduced required trip buffer)
	Level of Service on Truck Routes at Selected Intersections	Project improves LOS for trucks on truck routes	Planned system improves intersection and corridor LOS on truck routes	Intersection and corridor level of service on truck routes.

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
Goal 3: Livable and Local Tailor trans	portation solutions to su	it the diversity of local communitie	es	
Objective 3.1: Identify, maintain, and improve networks of facilities for motorized and non-motorized travel.	See Objective 1.1.1			
Objective 3.2: Improve Safe Routes to School Planning	Safe Routes to Schools Plans	Project, policy, program facilitate in Safe Routes to School Plans for schools within the County	Planned activities, programs move towards all schools in the County having a Safe Routes to School Plan	Planned activities, programs move towards all schools in the County having a Safe Routes to School Plan
	Pedestrian and Bike Facility Gap Inventory	Project, policy, program help fill gaps in pedestrian and bicycle facilities on streets providing access to schools	Planned system fills gaps in pedestrian and bicycle networks providing access to schools	Planned system fills gaps in pedestrian and bicycle networks providing access to schools
Objective 3.3: Invest in and encourage public transit and connections to public transit. (Same as objective 1.1.2)	See Objective 1.1.2			
Objective 3.4: Explore and encourage carpooling, vanpooling, rideshare, transit pass programs, telecommuting, and other transportation demand management strategies. (Same as Objective 1.1.3)	See Objective 1.1.3			
Objective 3.5: Facilitate access to daily needs and services	Transit Services, Bicycle Facilities, Pedestrian Facilities and Roads between Residential Areas and Essential Needs and Destinations	Use Opportunity Mapping produce by Housing authority to determine if project increases accessibility to daily needs and services		Improves network connections of people to vital services and Increase the number of essential destinations accessible by walking, biking, or public transit for all residents.

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
Objective 3.6: Prioritize transportation improvement projects within and providing access to existing and future employment centers (Same as Objective 2.1)	See Objective 2.1			
Objective 3.7: Identify and incorporate design elements that increase community livability and cohesiveness, improve civic amenities.	Transportation Facility Design Elements	Degree to and consistency with which design elements are incorporated into projects, programs, policies.	Degree to and consistency with which design elements are incorporated into projects, programs, policies.	Degree to and consistency with which design elements are incorporated into projects, programs, policies.
Objective 3.8: Promote a resilient transportation system that can adapt to evolving land use and fit the desired future, while meeting present needs. (Same as Objective 1.4)	See Objective 1.4			
Objective 3.9: Maintain existing and enhance access to recreational opportunities and public lands.	Access to Open Space (URBAN: Population within 1/2 mile; Rural: Population within 60 minutes)	Degree to which to the project provides or maintains access to open space.	Increases the number of people within ½ mile network walking access to open space	Urban: Increases the number of people within ½ mile network walking access to open space Rural: Increases access to public natural area (Gorge, Columbia River, regional trail, Mt. Hood)
Objective 3.10: Prioritize resources to address transportation needs of transportation disadvantaged populations within the County. (Same as Objective 5.4)	See Objective 5.4			
Objective 3.11: Create project outreach activities and decision-making process that provide meaningful opportunities for all residents to influence decision-making. (Same as Objective 5.5)	See Objective 5.5			

	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure		
Goal 4: Safety and Health Promote a tr	ansportation system th	nat maintains and improves our saf	ety, health and security			
Objective 4.1: Reduce overall crof frequency and severity for all modes	of Inventory	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing crashes	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing crashes	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing crashes		
travel. Increase safety culture through a going engineering, education enforcement and evaluation.	Jeverity of	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing the severity of crashes	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing the severity of crashes	Projects, policies, programs aimed at reducing the severity of crashes		
	Enhance County Safety Culture	Increasing activities and coordinated efforts to establish and further a transportation safety culture in the County.	Planned activities and coordinated efforts draw on resources within and outside of the transportation engineering discipline to further an overarching safety culture.	Planned activities and coordinated efforts draw on resources within and outside of the transportation engineering discipline to further an overarching safety culture.		
Objective 4.2: Optimize the transportat system's ability to facilitate emerger response services.		Is the project improving, degrading, or not changing the mobility for an emergency vehicle on an emergency transportation route (ETR)?		Is there a change to response time for emergency services?		
	Space for Incident Management and Emergency Vehicles	Does a roadway have space for an impaired vehicle to pull to the side? Does an ETR have space allow emergency vehicles to pass other vehicles?		Enhances emergency response access by increasing vehicle capacity or system operations.		
, ,,, ,	nd See Objective 1.1 for el.					
Objective 4.4: Invest in and encourd public transit and connections to public transit. (Same as Objective 1.1.2)		.2				
Objective 4.5: Improve air quality by reducing transportation-related emission including reducing greenhouse gas emissions to target levels. (Same as 1.2)	See Objective 1.2					

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Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure				
Objective 4.6: Reduce exposure to transportation-related air emissions.	Bike and Pedestrian Network on Low Volume Roads	Projects, policies, programs that increase pedestrian and bicycle facilities on secondary road network						
	Sensitive Populations near Major Roadways	Projects, policies, programs that decrease the number of sensitive uses close to high traffic roadways, freight routes						
	Construction Emissions	Projects, policies, programs that increase the prevalence of best management practices						
Objective 4.7: Encourage the use of alternative-fuel vehicles and more efficient fuel vehicles. (Same as Objective 1.1.4)	See Objective 1.1	.4						
Objective 4.8: Maintain existing and increase access to recreational opportunities and public lands. (Same as Objective 3.9)	See Objective 3.9							
Objective 4.9: Prioritize resources to address transportation needs of transportation disadvantaged populations within the County. (Same as Objective 5.4)	See Objective 5.4							
Objective 4.10: Facilitate access to daily needs and services. (Same as Objective 3.5)	See Objective 3.5							
Goal 5: Equity Provide an equitable transp	ortation system.							
Objective 5.1: Identify, maintain, and Some improve networks of facilities for motorized and non-motorized travel. (Same as Objective 1.1.1)	ee Objective 1.1.1							
Objective 5.2: Invest in and encourage Supplied transit and connections to public transit. (Same as objective 1.1.2)	ee Objective 1.1.2							

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure
Objective 5.3: Explore and encourage carpooling, vanpooling, rideshare, transit pass programs, telecommuting, and other transportation demand management strategies. (Same as Objective 1.1.3)	See Objective 1.1.3			
Objective 5.4: Prioritizing resources to address transportation needs of transportation disadvantaged populations within the County.	Alternative Transportation Programs and Projects that Benefit Transportation- Disadvantaged Populations			Maximize multimodal travel options and provide travel choices for transportation disadvantaged populations.
	Transportation- Disadvantaged Populations Served By Other Modes of Travel and Car- Sharing Programs			Increase the number of people within transportation disadvantaged population with access to multimodal networks and services.
Objective 5.5: Create project outreach activities and decision-making process that provides meaningful opportunities for all residents to influence decision-making	Public Involvement Opportunities			
Objective 5.6: Facilitate access to daily needs and services. (Same as Objective 3.5)	See Objective 3.5			
Objective 5.7: Prioritize transportation improvement projects within and providing access to existing and future employment centers. (See Objective 2.1)	See Objective 2.1			

Objectives	Measure	Project Level - Helps to determine if a project implements the goal	System Level - Helps to determine whether the proposed system achieves the goal	System Level/Performance Tracking - Performance Measure	
Objective 5.8: Provide opportunities y low-income, minority workers a business owners to access/obtain jo and contracts created transportation investments. Goal 6: Fiscally Responsible Promo	nd Businesses bs Contracting by Clackamas County shall comply with federal, state, and local open competitive procurement processes.	paroach to protect and improve the	ne existing transportation system	and implement a cost-effective	
system to meet shared future needs.	te a fiscally responsible a	pproach to protect and improve the	ie existing transportation system	and implement a cost-effective	
Objective 6.1: Prioritize repairs and maintenance of existing transportation facilities and services. Objective 6.2: Support transportation projects that use public resources cost effectively.	Transportation Maintenance Status A project, program, or policy's cost effectiveness of achieving desired outcomes	Project, program, or policy helps reduce proportion of network behind on maintenance Project cost and complexity is commensurate with benefits (as compared to other projects in plan - used for project prioritization)	Planned programs, policies, projects support maintenance activities.	Planned programs, policies, projects support maintenance activities.	
Objective 6.3: Stabilize existing sources of transportation revenue and identify stable, diverse, longterm sources of funding. Estimated Transportation Funding Assumed		Project, program, policy helps increase future funding sources. Project, program, policy helps	Maximize stable, sufficient funding sources. Funding exists for ongoing	Maximize stable, sufficient funding sources. Funding exists for ongoing	
Objective 6.4: Identify and protect right-of-way for future transportation facilities and services.	Transportation Budget Allocations Public Right of Way Inventory / Needs	secure and/or increase current funding sources	operations and maintenance. Plan identifies long-term ROW needs	operations and maintenance.	
Objective 6.5: Prioritize projects,	Vehicle Crash Inventory	Reduces likelihood of crashes	Reduces likelihood of crashes	Reduces likelihood of crashes	

programs, polices that balance safety, mobility, and provide for		Time	Project reliabilit	improves	travel	time	Improved tra		•	Improved reliability	travel (reduced	time required
multiple modes.				,			(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	, J j	,	trip buffer)	•	
	MMLOS	for	Improve	es MN	1LOS	for	Improves	MMLOS	for	Improves	MMLOS	5 for
	Pedestrians,	Bicyclists,	pedestrians, bicyclists, transit			pedestrians, bicyclists, transit			pedestrians, bicyclists, transit			
	Transit											